

2018 SARF/IRF/PIARC

REGIONAL CONFERENCE FOR AFRICA

9 - 11 October 2018 | Durban ICC



Johan MAECK, PhD CE Belgian Road Research Centre

FA6: Roads and the Environment

Context

- PIARC TC D.2 Pavements 2016-2019, WG1: Green Paving Solutions and Sustainable Pavement Materials
- (...) encourage the use of methods and materials that minimize the use of natural resources, reduce energy consumption and emissions during the lifetime of pavements
- survey to map existing GPTs among (member) countries
- PIARC TC WG 2012-2015: carbon footprint of pavements





Questionnaire

- PART 1 Identification of GPTs: inventory of potentially successful GPT
- PART 2 Sustainability drivers GPTs
 - materials depletion,
 - using by-products (from other industries),
 - recycling/reuse,
 - energy consumption,
 - CO2 emissions,
 - health & safety,
 - noise & comfort for road user,
 - responsible sourcing,
 - user delays/ traffic congestion /level of service,
 - life cycle costs,
 - direct costs.





Questionnaire

- PART 3 Constraints, barriers or incentives for GPTs
 - initial investments for implementation (incl. technology development, skilled staff, process)
 - legal issues & concerns
 - no innovative procurement contracts available, restricted specifications
 - missing proof of evidence of sustainability and/or lack of objective measures to quantify the sustainability
 - missing proof of equal performance to conventional pavement
 - direct financial costs
 - policy
 - risk assessment
 - resistance to change
- implementation level: under investigation > pilot > available technique > standard practice
- current status of Green Public Procurement





Sustainability of roads:

survey results critically analysed







198 GPTs23 classes

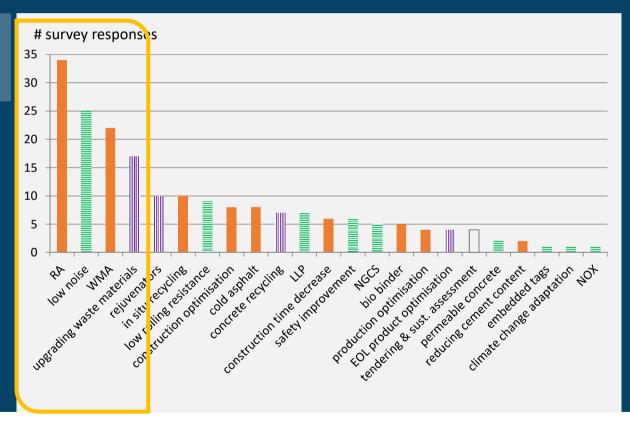
D.2.1 SURVEY RESULTS							NAME	stage	#
COUNTRY	NL	BE	DE	TR	NL	BE			
CONTINENT	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU	EU	RA	CON	34
TYPE	RE	RE		RA	PR	PR	low noise	USE	25
ID E	5	2	20	21	5	3			
Identification of green paving solutions, drivers, constraints							WMA	CON	22
							upgrading waste materials	EOL	17
			Use of high amounts of RAP in the same type of			Recycling			
	layers like PA + limits of recycling percentages	top layers	layer (e.g. RAP from a surface layer is used again		mainly in base layers (50-70%, some cases		rejuvenators	EOL	10
	in base layers increasing standard recycling		in a surface layer).		higher), in toplayers 0-30%. Research ongoing to		in situ recycling	CON	10
	percentages from 50% to +/- 70%				increase % in top layers				
							low rolling resistance	USE	9
							construction optimisation	CON	8
with intention to			Reduce material use	Reduce material use					
specific at life stage (x) (CON			CON	CON	CON	cold asphalt	CON	8
sustainability driver 1		CO2 emissions		CO2 emissions	Direct costs	Direct costs	concrete recycling	EOL	7
333333331, 4112.									
							LLP	USE	7
sustainability driver 2			Direct costs	Life Cycle Costs	Life Cycle Costs	Recycling/reuse	construction time	CON	6
sustainability driver 3							decrease	CON	ŭ
							safety improvement	USE	6
							NGCS	USE	5
implementation level (x) S	STA	LIM	STA	PIL	STA	STA	NGCS	USL	,
							bio binder	CON	5
constraint 1		Missing proof of equal performance to	Missing proof of equal performance to	Legal issues & concerns			production optimisation	CON	4
		conventional pavement	conventional pavement. Research projects				production optimisation	CON	4
			to overcome the constraint.				EOL product optimisation	EOL	4
							**************************************	DCN	4
constraint 2		Resistance to change		No innovative procurement contracts			tendering & sust. assessment	DSN	4
				available, restricted specifications				USE	2
							reducing cement content	CON	2
constraint 3							embedded tags	USE	1
constraint 3									
							climate change adaptation	USE	1
							NOX	USE	1
incentive		financial bonus for higher %RA	Large stockpiles of RAP at the mixing plants						
псениче		mane at solids for higher with	conge stockpries of the of the mixing plants						198





production & construction
use
EOL

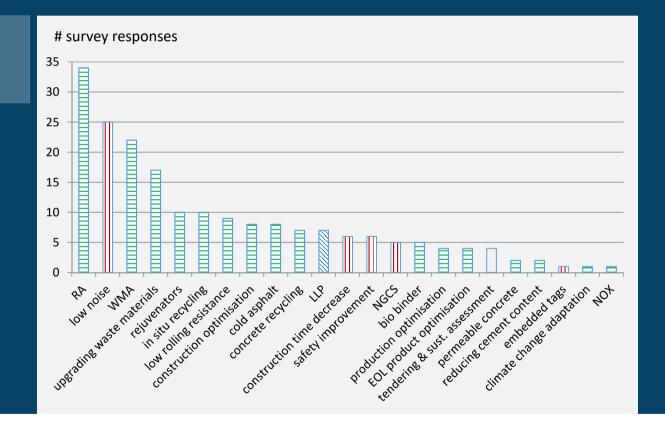
50% 30% 20%







eco 73% soc 22% fin 4%







Concluding ...

- GPTs gain interest
- 60% of cited GPTs related to asphalt
- most frequently cited: recycling asphalt, warm mix asphalt, low noise pavements
- construction stage vs use stage GPTs
- environmental vs societal & financial driver of GPTs





Thanks to ...

- Interviewers
- Interviewed persons





